

## Certificate of Analysis

### Anti-Phosphotyrosine, clone 4G10<sup>®</sup>

(mouse monoclonal IgG<sub>2bκ</sub>)

Catalog # 05-321

Lot # 33644

**Immunogen:** Phosphotyramine-KLH.

**Antibody Class:** IgG<sub>2bκ</sub> mouse monoclonal antibody produced *in vitro* by mouse-mouse hybridoma 4G10<sup>®</sup> (FOX-NY [NS-1 derivative] myeloma x spleen cells). Purified by Protein G-Sepharose chromatography.

**Formulation:** 100µg of protein G purified mouse monoclonal IgG<sub>2bκ</sub> in 100µl of 0.1M Tris-glycine, pH 7.4, 0.15M NaCl, 0.05% sodium azide. Liquid at 4°C.

**Storage and Stability:** Stable for 2 years at 4°C from date of shipment. **NOTE: DO NOT FREEZE.** For maximum recovery of the product, centrifuge the original vial prior to removing the cap. If the product has accidentally been frozen and thawed, spin it at 13,000 x g for 10 minutes at 4°C. Save the supernatant for application.

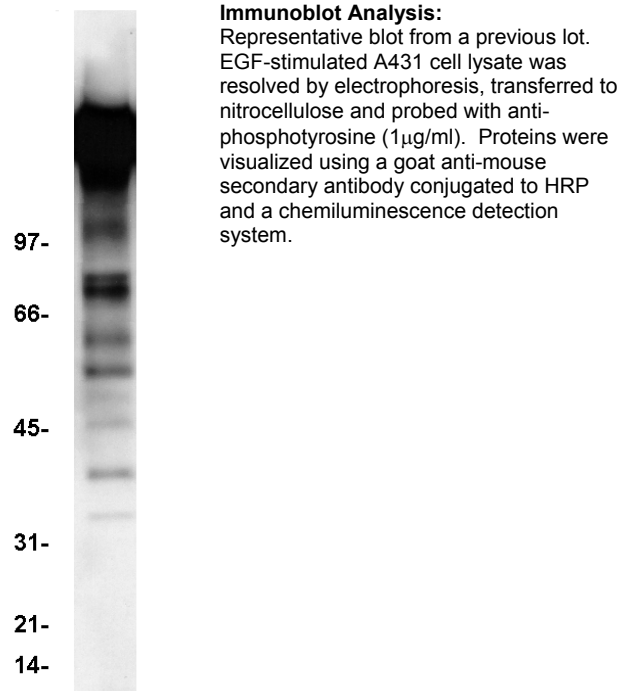
**FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY  
NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS**

### Quality Control Testing

**Immunoblot Analysis:** 0.5-2µg/ml of this lot detected tyrosine-phosphorylated proteins in a modified RIPA lysate from EGF-treated human A431 carcinoma cells.<sup>1,2,3.</sup>

**Included Positive Antigen Control:** Catalog # 12-302, EGF-stimulated A431 cell lysate is provided as a free positive antigen control for western immunoblotting. Aliquot as desired, refreeze immediately, and store at -20°C. The lysate is stable for 6 months at -20°C. Before use, **add 2.5µl of 2-mercaptoethanol/100µl of lysate and boil for 5 minutes to reduce the preparation.** Load 20µg of reduced lysate per lane for immunoblot analysis.

**Immunoprecipitation:** 2-4µg of this lot can immunoprecipitate quantitatively the phosphotyrosine-containing proteins in the lysate of a confluent culture (10cm dish) of cells expressing an activated tyrosine kinase. To preserve phosphotyrosine, add 0.2mM sodium orthovanadate to the lysis buffer.



### References:

1. Cohen, B., *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, **87**: 4458-4462, 1990.
2. Druker, B.J., *et al.*, New Eng. J. Med. **321**: 1383-1391, 1989.
3. Kanakura, Y., *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem. **266**: 490-495, 1991.

### Immunoprecipitation Protocol

1. Add **2-4µg of anti-Phosphotyrosine, clone 4G10<sup>®</sup>** and 60µl (30µl packed beads) of washed Protein G agarose bead slurry (Catalog # 16-266) to 500µl of PBS in a microcentrifuge tube.
2. Gently rock the reaction mixture at 4°C for 1 hour.
3. Collect the agarose beads by pulsing (5 seconds in the microcentrifuge at 14,000 x g), and drain off the supernatant. Wash the beads 3 times with either ice-cold cell lysis buffer or PBS.
4. Dilute the cell lysate to roughly 1µg/µl total cell protein with PBS.
5. Add 500µg-1mg cell lysate to the reaction mixture.
6. Gently rock the reaction mixture at 4°C for 1 hour.
7. Collect the agarose beads by pulsing (5 seconds in the microcentrifuge at 14,000 x g), and drain off the supernatant. Wash the beads 3 times with either ice-cold cell lysis buffer or PBS.
8. Resuspend the agarose beads in 60µl 2X Laemmli sample buffer.
9. Store the beads frozen for future analysis or boil the beads for 5 minutes.
10. Collect the beads after boiling using a microcentrifuge pulse.
11. Perform SDS-PAGE and immunoblot analysis on a sample of the supernatant fraction.

### Immunoblot Protocol

1. Perform SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis (SDS-PAGE) on a cell lysate sample (cell lysis buffer: 50mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4; 1% NP-40; 0.25% sodium deoxycholate; 150mM NaCl; 1mM EDTA; 1mM PMSF; 1µg/ml aprotinin, leupeptin, pepstatin; 1mM Na<sub>3</sub>VO<sub>4</sub>; 1mM NaF) and transfer the proteins to nitrocellulose. Wash the blotted nitrocellulose twice with water.
2. Block the blotted nitrocellulose in freshly prepared TBS containing 3% nonfat dry milk (Catalog # 20-200), (TBS-MLK) for 45-90 minutes at room temperature with constant agitation.
3. Incubate the nitrocellulose with **0.5-2µg/ml of anti-Phosphotyrosine, clone 4G10<sup>®</sup>** diluted in freshly prepared TBS-MLK overnight with agitation at 4°C.
4. Wash the nitrocellulose twice with water.
5. Incubate the nitrocellulose in the secondary reagent of choice (a goat anti-mouse HRP conjugated, Catalog # 12-349, 1:4000 dilution, was used) in TBS-MLK for 1.5 hours at room temperature with agitation.
6. Wash the nitrocellulose with water twice.
7. Wash the nitrocellulose in TBS-0.05% Tween<sup>®</sup>-20 for 3-5 minutes.
8. Rinse the nitrocellulose in 4-5 changes of water.
9. Use detection method of choice (enhanced chemiluminescence with a 30 second exposure was used).